Sense of Belonging: fostering inclusion in U-M Library Physical Spaces

BTAA Wellness Symposium, April 2025

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Team Introduction

- U-M Library aspires to create physical and virtual spaces that are accessible, welcoming, and affirming to all, while actively seeking to identify and eliminate barriers to access, real and perceived.
- The Sense of Belonging Working Group was created as part of the library's continued commitment to create inclusive spaces.





Different Roles on the Team

- Project team to research and pilot new ideas for space improvement, building on different outreach initiatives team members have been part of in the past.
- Goal to improve connection with groups less likely to view the library as a place they belong.

- Librarians and staff from:
 - o Dean's office
 - Accessibility
 - Outreach and Engagement
 - Learning, programs and initiatives
 - Access and Fulfillment
 - Facilities
 - Creative Spaces



Initial Accomplishments

Creating a Pilot Program

- Provide student organizations consistent study space
- Use staff meeting spaces after hours
 - First year: 4 Groups signed up
 - Second year: 33 groups expressed interest, 16 signed up for use of the space
- Student Employee Study Space

What we learned:

- Directly connect with orgs via trusted partnerships
- Logistics and communication take time
- Student org groups agreed that having access to the space enhanced the community feel of their Student Org
- Student employees less likely to drop in study time



Using Spaces in Different Ways

Study Spaces for Student Orgs

Making our spaces more sensory-friendly

• They're not right now - we have a lot of really busy spaces, quiet spaces are in high demand

Student Engagement Fellow



Sensory-friendly Spaces

- Campus space limitations
- Focus group study design
- Emerging themes
- What's actionable?
- Sensory items & Student feedback



Campus Space Limitations

- We aim to serve all students and don't require proof of diagnosis to offer accommodations/supports
 - SSD affiliated requires diagnosis
 - This can be associated with difficulties, stress and interrogation of disability status
- Bookable rooms often are confusing for students to navigate, don't serve on-the-fly studying habits, and would often get monopolized
- In general, students often reported "settling" for an open space that doesn't meet their needs due to an overall shortage of spaces within vicinity



Focus Group Study Design

- Key objectives was to help us learn:
 - How do students feel about the sensory spaces and resources offered on campus?
 - What kind of impact does the gaps in our sensory spaces and resources have on students?
 - How should future sensory friendly offerings be designed in a way that is visible and welcoming to students that may find them useful?
- Recruitment
 - Email outreach to campus organizations with focus on neurodivergence advocacy,
 promotion through SSD, library email list
 - Interested participants filled out a screener indicating their year, conditions, environmental needs, and spectrum across hypersensitivity or hyposensitivities
- SSD carrels QR code surveys were posted also for feedback right now



Focus Group Study Design

- Recruitment goals
 - 6-8 participants for each of the 3 focus groups
- Recruitment outcomes!
 - o 100+ sign ups in less than a week
 - 1 virtual, 2 in-person focus groups conducted with respectively 5-7 range turnout each
 - Equal sampling of identities we invited 3 of each regarding:
 - What they indicated for year in school
 - If they identified as neurodivergent yes, no, unsure
 - If they struggle with concentration
 - 18 participants total across all focus groups.
 - Those who couldn't come to focus groups were interviewed individually 4 students



Emerging Theme 1

- Where there's ambiguity of feelings of belonging, visible and explicit statements create reassurance students are welcome
 - Value in dedicating spaces for hyposensitivities and stating that activity is encouraged
 - "I have a lot of issues with fidgeting, keeping my mind focused, picking things up, and making sounds. I don't want to be distracting."
 - Value in stating all are welcome when space can be interpreted to be dedicated for specific identities
 - "Am I needing the space as much as someone else?" usually with labels intertwined with needs (SSD, CAPs, sensory) as opposed to behavior (collaborative, quiet)



Emerging Theme 2

- Predictability of needs and how they can be met is challenging when both students' needs and space stimuli are constantly shifting -> "settling"
 - The same student's sensory needs can vary based on task
 - "I'm very particular with how I like my study environments some days where I like a little noise. There's some days where I can't have any noise. There's some days where I can't study around other people. It just depends on a daily basis."
 - The same space's presence or lack of sensory stimuli vary based on people
 - "First time I went to the Fishbowl, it was super quiet. Then I went the next day and it was really loud."
 - Students do not want the burden of regulating their peers for predictability



Emerging Theme 3

- Discovery of spaces are passive leading to the same spaces being very popular despite not meeting all of sensory needs
 - Word of mouth, buildings where their classes are, signage
 - "People tell me about a new one, I always go try it because the study space I have right now... there's no perfect one."
 - Students feel anxiety about a potential new space opening up being too popular
 - Suggestion that underused or older areas could be converted into sensory-friendly spaces as new or renovated spaces naturally attract attention and use



Actionable? Piloting of a new space?

- Visible and explicit statements that create reassurance students are welcome
 - Recommendation for those looking for a space addressing opposite sensory needs
- New space offsets what current spaces offer in the types of sensory needs addressed to increase variety of choices
 - Ex. Spaces for hyposensitivities concentrated in an area with lots of spaces for hyper sensitivities
- Should be a regulation system (noise, capacity) where direct confrontation can be avoided for students
 - Ex. noise level sensor



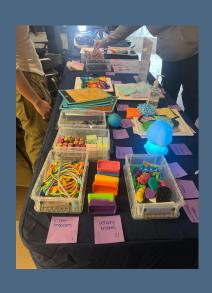
Sensory Items & Student Feedback



- Sensory kits help reduce sensory barriers in lieu of sensory-friendly spaces (they can also supplement more sensory-inclusive spaces)
 - o A lot of our spaces are sensory overload spaces by design
- Ordered lots of sensory items and tabled them to get direct feedback and preferences from students
- Items range in senses:
 - Tactile, Proprioception, Visual, Auditory, Vestibular,
 Interoception



Sensory Items & Student Feedback



- Students would vote by tallying their favorites
- Overall, students gravitated testing items that are easily portable in this context
 - Magnet patties, hand rollers, visual timers, fidget spinners, infinity cubes, tangle toys
- Items that would get less feedback was not as covert
 - Textured pads, colored therapy glasses, happy light, sound machine, weighted lap pads



What's Upcoming

- Completing analysis and rounding out some final evaluations surveys
- Drafting and submitting proposals for sensory-friendly space and kits
- Reflecting on the year and final events



Student Employee Connections

- Creating connections for student employees
- Fostering a sense of community
 - o Pilot of booking study space for student employees... didn't go as expected
- End of semester snack room and snack bags



Employee Sense of Belonging

- We have focused a lot of our energy on the student experience and are now planning to spend some time on thinking about the employee experience.
- Aspiration: employees feel safe & seen, accepted & valued and able to express themselves authentically.
 - Connection, shared experience, well-being
- Pilot new supports? Interest group for discussion?
 - Mental Health SIG
 - Library Diversity Council
 - Employee Resource Groups



Questions?

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Physical Spaces

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